

Genres and Writing Opportunities in Y3 Poetry Narrative Recount (trips, visits, historical events, diaries, letters, news reports, biographies) Report Explanation (e.g. linked to Science) Instructions Persuasion

Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar: (Plus consolidation of Year 2)

Word:	Sentence:	Text
Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes [for example super-, anti-, auto-] Use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel [for example, a rock, an open box] Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning [for example, solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble]	 Expressing time, place and cause using: conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because], adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore], or prepositions [for example, before, after, during, in, because of] 	Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past [for example, He has gone out to play contrasted with He went out to play]
Punctuation: Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	Terminology: preposition, conjunction word family, prefix clause, subordinate clause direct speech consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter inverted commas (or 'speech marks')	Spelling: See National Curriculum Spelling Appendix 1

Text Type and Writing Outcomes:

Automa 4	Contine 4	Common 4
Autumn 1	Spring 1	Summer 1
Vehicle text: Newspaper report on the		
Amazon fires.		
Autozoff files.		
Poetry: A range of poetry by Pie Corbett		
Narrative: The Great Kapok Tree by		
Lynne Cherry (use of adverbs and prepositions		
to express time, place and cause, use of inverted		
commas to punctuate direct speech, consistent		
past or present tense including past/present progressive)		
progressive)		
Nonfiction: Information poster (CL for		
proper nouns, headings and sub-headings to		
structure and present my work, use of the forms a		
or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or vowel.)		
with a consonant of vower.)		
Cross curricular links: Geography, Art,		
and DT.		
Autumn 2	Spring 2	Summer 2

Year 3 & 4 Spelling

accident(ally)	famous	particular
actual(ly)	favourite	peculiar
address	February	perhaps
answer	forward(s)	popular
appear	fruit	position
arrive	grammar	possess(ion)
believe	group	possible
bicycle breath	guard	potatoes
breathe	guide	pressure
build		probably

busy/business	heard	promise
5439/ 54311033	heart	promise
calendar	neart	purpose
	height	quarter
caught		
centre	history	question
	imagine	recent
century	inagine	regular
	increase	reign
certain		remember
circle	important	sentence
	interest	Sentence
complete		separate
	island	
consider		special
continue	knowledge	straight
	learn	strange
decide	length	strength
describe	library	
describe	,	suppose
different	material	
	ne e diein e	surprise
difficult	medicine	therefore
disappear	mention	
uisappear		though/although
early	minute	thought
earth	natural	thought
	liaturai	through
eight/eighth	naughty	
enough		various
chough	notice	weight
exercise	occasion(ally)	woman/women
	occusion(uny)	
experience	often	
experiment		
	opposite	
extreme	ordinary	
	,	